

## Syllabus of the educational discipline

### «INFORMATION PROTECTION IN COMPUTER SYSTEMS»

<i>Cycle of Higher Education</i>	<i>First cycle of higher education (Bachelor's degree)</i>
<i>Field of Study</i>	<i>12 Information Technologies</i>
<i>Specialty</i>	<i>123 Computer engineering</i>
<i>Educational program</i>	<i>Computer systems and networks</i>
<i>Discipline status</i>	<i>Normative</i>
<i>Teaching language</i>	<i>English</i>
<i>Year of studies, semester</i>	<i>3 year (6 semester)</i>
<i>Number of credits ECTS</i>	<i>4.5 credits</i>
<i>Distribution by types of trainings and hours of study</i>	<i>Lectures, Laboratory studies, Independent training</i>
<i>Form of final assessment</i>	<i>Exam</i>
<i>Teacher</i>	<i>Korol Yu.Yu., associate professor of the department of computer systems and network</i>
<i>Teacher's contacts</i>	<i>yuriy.korol@uzhnu.edu.ua</i>
<i>Course Schedule</i>	<i>According to the timetable</i>
<p><i>The purpose of studying the discipline "Information Protection in Computer Systems" - familiarization with organizational, technical algorithmic and other methods and tools of information protection, legislation and standards in this area, with modern cryptosystems.</i></p> <p><i>As a result of studying the discipline the student must:</i></p> <p><i>know:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>- features of information as an object of protection, the list and features of the main threats to information in computer systems, approaches to developing a security policy for computer systems, basic principles of information protection, the order of forming a set of information protection tools, the principles of access control to protected resources of a computer system, cryptographic methods and means of protecting information, methods and means of protecting information from leakage by technical channels, the procedure for determining the requirements for information protection in a computer system</i></li> </ul> <p><i>be able to:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>- apply mathematical methods to describe and study cryptosystems; assess the cryptographic strength of ciphers; conduct experiments, data collection and modeling in computer systems</i></li> <li><i>- analyze the security features of computer systems and networks. Conduct random attacks on security features to find vulnerabilities and solve existing problems.</i></li> </ul>	
<p><b>Prerequisites for learning</b></p> <p>Programming, Discrete Mathematics, Linear Algebra and Analytic Geometry, Information and Coding Theory, Probability Theory and Mathematical Statistics, Computer Logic</p>	
<p><b>Content of the educational discipline</b></p>	
<p><b>Topic 1.</b> Fundamentals of information protection in the CS</p> <p><b>Topic 2.</b> Basic attack patterns and organization of information leakage channels</p> <p><b>Topic 3.</b> Organization of information security systems</p> <p><b>Topic 4.</b> Mathematical models of discretionary security policy</p> <p><b>Topic 5.</b> Mathematical models of mandate access policy</p> <p><b>Topic 6.</b> Organizational and technical tasks of information protection</p> <p><b>Topic 7.</b> Passwords. User identification and authentication</p> <p><b>Topic 8.</b> Biometric identification and authentication</p> <p><b>Topic 9.</b> Fundamentals of cryptographic protection of information</p> <p><b>Topic 10.</b> Classic symmetric cryptosystems.</p> <p><b>Topic 11.</b> Symmetric encryption</p> <p><b>Topic 12.</b> Stock ciphers and ciphers with variable key length</p> <p><b>Topic 13.</b> PRS generators</p> <p><b>Topic 14.</b> Asymmetric cryptographic systems</p>	

- Topic 15.** Electronic digital signature. Message authentication  
**Topic 16.** Key management  
**Topic 17.** Fundamentals of cryptanalysis: basic principles  
**Topic 18.** Cryptographic package CrypTool  
**Topic 19.** Steganography

**Course page on the Moodle platform (personal training system)**

*Syllabus of the educational discipline, hyperlinks to electronic publications of the discipline, recommended literature, students' attendance, lecture materials, presentations, questions for self-control, methodical materials for laboratory works, tests, tasks for checking students' knowledge.* <https://moodle.uzhnu.edu.ua>

**Recommended literature**

1. Bruce Schneier *Secrets and Lies: Digital Security in a Networked World.* - Wiley; 1st edition, 2015. - 450p.
2. Bruce Schneier *Applied Cryptography: Protocols, Algorithms and Source Code in C.* - Wiley; 1st edition, 2015. - 784p.
3. Bruce Schneier *Cryptography Engineering: Design Principles and Practical Applications.* - Wiley; 1st edition, 2010. - 384p.

**Assessment system of learning outcomes**

*The ECTS grade that a student receives after studying a credit module of a discipline is determined according to the student's rating. A student's credit module rating consists of the points the student receives during the semester for the following types of work:*

1. Modular control work (MCW) duration of 2 acad. hours each. The maximum number of points for the MCW is 40 points.
2. Performance of laboratory works.

*During the semester, students perform 8 laboratory works*

*Scores on individual and independent work of students are awarded for: preparation of essays, modernization of tasks, creative approach to task performance, performance of tasks to improve didactic materials on the discipline: 0-10 points for each module.*

*Each module is assessed a maximum of 100 points. At the end of the discipline a rating score is derived as the arithmetic average of the points from the two modules.*

**ECTS and national grading scale**

Mark scale	ECTS	Exam	Test
90 - 100	A	Excellent	Satisfied
82 - 89	B	Good	
74 - 81	C		
64 - 73	D	Satisfactory	
60 - 63	E		
35 - 59	FX	“Unsatisfactory” with possibility to pass the exam again	“Not satisfied” with possibility to pass the exam again
1 - 34	F	“Unsatisfactory” with obligatory repeated study of the discipline	“Not satisfied” with obligatory repeated study of the discipline